

COLOR CODES	MONTH	WHAT TO DO		HINTS	WHAT TO LOOK FOR	WHAT WAS DONE AND DATE
LAWNS	JULY AUGUST	*Pinch Mums last time (July)	*Remove dead grass and get ready to seed	*Late August is good time to get ready for fall seeding	*Patches, brown lawn areas mean fungus or grubs	
		*Put gypsum on lawn (helps loosen clay in	*Use liquid crabgrass or nutgrass killer (only if weed present) Temperature must be above 80'	*Us dusting sulphur to prevent fungus when dividing perennials	*2nd application of crabgrass control until late July	
		*Last Chance to trim and fertilize spring flowering shrubs and trees				
GARDENS		*Fertilize roses *If necessary, apply fungicide to roses (to control powdery mildew/black spots): lime sulphur works well	*Divide perennials (Iris, ostas, Daylilies)		*Look for butterflies around Butterfly Bush (plant spring)	
TREES	SEPTEMBER	*Sow grass seed *Fertilize existing and new lawns	*Pick last of summer crop before frost *Pick herbs for winter cooking	*Fall is the best time to seed grass	*Mums and Asters at their peak just before frost	
SHRUBS		*Break up crusted mulch around trees and shrubs	*Cut and dry flowers for winter bouquets	*Fall colors start *Best time to select tree color	*Best roses will be produced just before frost *Early plants turn color-- Burning Bush, Persimmon	
		*Clean and cut off dead blooms from perennials				
PERENNIALS	OCTOBER	*Turn garden after harvest *Rake up leaves (don't let them stand on grass; instead, put on compost pile)	*Plant bulbs using bulb food *Plant Paper Whites inside for Christmas bloom (late October)	*Take out pictures to know where to plant bulbs *Bring in house plants and treat for insects	*Majority of trees start to turn colors *Come in to Zick's and see the fall colors *Watch for inscts and rodents trying to get into your warm, dry home	
ROSES		*Fertilize lawn (the most import time for lawn fertilizer)	*Take in house plants (treat for insects)	*Stop cutting roses; allow them to go dormant		
ANNUALS	NOVEMBER	*Cut rose canes back to 18" *Mulch around roses (hould be below 40')	*Cut dead flower buds off Mums and mulch	*After leaves drop, you can move trees that are growing in the ground *make sure bird feeders stay full (once feeding is started, do no stop)	* Look for interesting branching of deciduous trees and shrubs *Look for Evergreen privacy needs	
		*Mulch in perennials	*Put out bird food *Take in hummingbird feeders so they will not freeze and break		*Arrival of live and Cut Christmas trees	
		*Put Wiltpruf on Broadleaf Evergreens				
Other	DECEMBER	*Wiltpruf Broadleaf Shrubs (must be above 40')	*Clean out dead debris from annual beds and put into compost pile	*Test soil now in order to be ready for next spring (lawn and garden) *Don't pile snow on shrubs next to sidewalk and drives	*Find Hollies that have nice red berries *Watch Paper Whites Bloom for Christmas (plant in October)	
		*Find place to plant live Christmas tree *Trim Hollies and use for Christmas decoration				